

1) Determine whether the random variable described is discrete or continuous. 1) \_\_\_\_\_

The number of minutes you must wait in line at the grocery store

- A) discrete B) continuous

*Is time a continuous variable or a discrete variable?*

2) Determine whether the random variable described is discrete or continuous. 2) \_\_\_\_\_

The number of coins in a jar

- A) continuous B) discrete

*Is the number of coins a continuous variable or a discrete variable?*

3) The sum of the probabilities of all the events in the sample space of a probability distribution must equal 1. 3) \_\_\_\_\_

- A) True B) False

4) The following distribution is *not* a probability distribution because \_\_\_\_\_. 4) \_\_\_\_\_

$X$	-2	-1	0	1	2
$P(X)$	0.10	0.24	0.41	0.15	0.28

- A) the probability values are not increasing
- B) the values of the variable are negative
- C) the probability values are not discrete
- D) the probability values do not add to 1**

*sum(P(x)) = 0.10 + 0.24 + 0.41 + 0.15 + 0.28 = 1.18*

5) Fill in the missing value so that the following table represents a probability distribution. 5) \_\_\_\_\_

$x$	5	6	7	8
$P(x)$	0.57	0.13	?	0.17

*sum(P(x)) = 0.57 + 0.13 + X + 0.17*  
*1 = 0.87 + X*  
*1 - 0.87 = X*  
*0.13 = X*

- x | P<sub>x</sub>
- 1 | 0.125
- 2 | 0.294
- 3 | 0.405
- 4 | 0.098
- 5 | 0.078

6) The probability that a hockey team scores a total of 1 goal in a game is 0.125; 2 goals, 0.294; 3 goals, 0.405; 4 goals, 0.098; and 5 goals, 0.078. Construct the probability distribution for this discrete random variable and draw the graph. 6) \_\_\_\_\_

7) The following table presents the probability distribution of the number of vacations X taken last year for a randomly chosen family. Find P(at least one). 7) \_\_\_\_\_

$x$	0	1	2	3	4
$P(x)$	0.09	0.68	0.15	0.06	0.02

*P(at least one) = P(x=1) + P(x=2) + P(x=3) + P(x=4)*  
*= 0.68 + 0.15 + 0.06 + 0.02*  
*= 0.91*

*same as:*  
*P(at least one) = 1 - P(none) = 1 - P(x=0)*  
*= 1 - 0.09*  
*= 0.91*

8) The following table presents the probability distribution of the number of dogs  $X$  owned for a randomly chosen family. Find the probability that a family has i) at least 3 dogs ii) no dogs iii) at most one dog. 8) \_\_\_\_\_

$x$	0	1	2	3	4
$P(x)$	0.05	0.73	0.13	0.05	0.04

A) i) 0.09 ii) 0.05 iii) 0.78

B) i) 0.09 ii) 0.50 iii) 0.73

*i.  $P(\text{at least } 3) = P(3) + P(4) = 0.05 + 0.04 = 0.09$  OR  
 $P(\text{at least } 3) = 1 - P(\text{at most } 2) = 1 - (0.05 + 0.73 + 0.13) = 1 - 0.91 = 0.09$*

*ii.  $P(\text{no dogs}) = P(0) = 0.05$*

*iii.  $P(\text{at most one}) = P(0) + P(1) = 0.05 + 0.73 = 0.78$*