

Provide an appropriate response.

- 1) Interpret the following 95% confidence interval for mean weekly salaries of shift managers at Guiseppe's Pizza and Pasta.

$$325.80 < \mu < 472.30$$

- 2) What is the best point estimate for the population proportion? Explain why that point estimate is best.

- 3) A paper published the results of a poll. It stated that, based on a sample of 1000 married men, 51% of married men say that they would marry the same woman again. The margin of error was given as ± 3 percentage points and the confidence level was given as 95%. What does it mean that the margin of error was ± 3 percentage points?

Find the indicated critical z value.

- 4) Find the critical value $z_{\alpha/2}$ that corresponds to a 91% confidence level.

A) 1.645 B) 1.70 C) 1.34 D) 1.75

4) _____

- 5) Find the critical value $z_{\alpha/2}$ that corresponds to a 94% confidence level.

A) 1.555 B) 1.96 C) 2.75 D) 1.88

5) _____

Express the confidence interval using the indicated format.

- 6) Express the confidence interval $0.047 < p < 0.507$ in the form of $\hat{p} \pm E$.

A) 0.277 ± 0.5 B) $0.277 - 0.23$ C) 0.277 ± 0.23 D) 0.23 ± 0.5

6) _____

Assume that a sample is used to estimate a population proportion p. Find the margin of error E that corresponds to the given statistics and confidence level. Round the margin of error to four decimal places.

- 7) 95% confidence; $n = 320$, $x = 60$

A) 0.0385 B) 0.0428 C) 0.0449 D) 0.0514

7) _____

- 8) 90% confidence; the sample size is 1580, of which 40% are successes

A) 0.0203 B) 0.0253 C) 0.0158 D) 0.0242

8) _____

Use the given degree of confidence and sample data to construct a confidence interval for the population proportion p.

- 9) $n = 125$, $x = 72$; 90% confidence

A) $0.503 < p < 0.649$ B) $0.502 < p < 0.650$
 C) $0.506 < p < 0.646$ D) $0.507 < p < 0.645$

9) _____

- 10) $n = 164$, $x = 122$; 95% confidence

A) $0.676 < p < 0.812$ B) $0.677 < p < 0.811$
 C) $0.690 < p < 0.798$ D) $0.691 < p < 0.797$

10) _____

Use the given data to find the minimum sample size required to estimate the population proportion.

- 11) Margin of error: 0.004; confidence level: 95%; \hat{p} and \hat{q} unknown

A) 60,025 B) 60,148 C) 60,018 D) 50,024

11) _____

- 12) Margin of error: 0.01; confidence level: 95%; from a prior study, \hat{p} is estimated by the decimal equivalent of 52%. 12) _____
- A) 16,551 B) 8630 C) 19,976 D) 9589

Use the given degree of confidence and sample data to construct a confidence interval for the population proportion p .

- 13) A survey of 865 voters in one state reveals that 408 favor approval of an issue before the legislature. Construct the 95% confidence interval for the true proportion of all voters in the state who favor approval. 13) _____
- A) $0.435 < p < 0.508$ B) $0.471 < p < 0.472$
 C) $0.438 < p < 0.505$ D) $0.444 < p < 0.500$

- 14) Of 346 items tested, 12 are found to be defective. Construct the 98% confidence interval for the proportion of all such items that are defective. 14) _____
- A) $0.0118 < p < 0.0576$ B) $0.0345 < p < 0.0349$
 C) $0.0154 < p < 0.0540$ D) $0.0110 < p < 0.0584$

- 15) A survey of 300 union members in New York State reveals that 112 favor the Republican candidate for governor. Construct the 98% confidence interval for the true population proportion of all New York State union members who favor the Republican candidate. 15) _____
- A) $0.316 < p < 0.430$ B) $0.301 < p < 0.445$
 C) $0.308 < p < 0.438$ D) $0.304 < p < 0.442$

- 16) Of 101 randomly selected adults, 35 were found to have high blood pressure. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the true percentage of all adults that have high blood pressure. 16) _____
- A) $26.8\% < p < 42.5\%$ B) $22.4\% < p < 46.9\%$
 C) $23.6\% < p < 45.7\%$ D) $25.4\% < p < 43.9\%$

- 17) A study involves 669 randomly selected deaths, with 31 of them caused by accidents. Construct a 98% confidence interval for the true percentage of all deaths that are caused by accidents. 17) _____
- A) $2.74\% < p < 6.53\%$ B) $3.29\% < p < 5.97\%$
 C) $2.54\% < p < 6.73\%$ D) $3.04\% < p < 6.23\%$

Use the confidence level and sample data to find a confidence interval for estimating the population μ . Round your answer to the same number of decimal places as the sample mean.

- 18) Test scores: $n = 92$, $\bar{x} = 90.6$, $\sigma = 8.9$; 99% confidence 18) _____
- A) $89.1 < \mu < 92.1$ B) $88.8 < \mu < 92.4$ C) $88.4 < \mu < 92.8$ D) $88.2 < \mu < 93.0$

Use the given information to find the minimum sample size required to estimate an unknown population mean μ .

- 19) Margin of error: \$120, confidence level: 95%, $\sigma = \$593$ 19) _____
- A) 94 B) 133 C) 83 D) 66

- 20) Margin of error: \$137, confidence level: 99%, $\sigma = \$591$ 20) _____
- A) 63 B) 50 C) 71 D) 124

Use the given degree of confidence and sample data to construct a confidence interval for the population mean μ . Assume that the population has a normal distribution.

- 21) $n = 10$, $\bar{x} = 8.7$, $s = 3.3$, 95% confidence 21) _____
- A) $6.35 < \mu < 11.05$ B) $6.34 < \mu < 11.06$ C) $6.79 < \mu < 10.61$ D) $6.37 < \mu < 11.03$

- 22) A laboratory tested twelve chicken eggs and found that the mean amount of cholesterol was 225 milligrams with $s = 15.7$ milligrams. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the true mean cholesterol content of all such eggs. 22) _____
- A) $215.1 \text{ mg} < \mu < 234.9 \text{ mg}$ B) $216.9 \text{ mg} < \mu < 233.1 \text{ mg}$
 C) $214.9 \text{ mg} < \mu < 235.1 \text{ mg}$ D) $215.0 \text{ mg} < \mu < 235.0 \text{ mg}$
- 23) A sociologist develops a test to measure attitudes towards public transportation, and 27 randomly selected subjects are given the test. Their mean score is 76.2 and their standard deviation is 21.4. Construct the 95% confidence interval for the mean score of all such subjects. 23) _____
- A) $64.2 < \mu < 88.2$ B) $67.7 < \mu < 84.7$ C) $74.6 < \mu < 77.8$ D) $69.2 < \mu < 83.2$
- 24) The principal randomly selected six students to take an aptitude test. Their scores were: 24) _____
 76.5 85.2 77.9 83.6 71.9 88.6
 Determine a 90% confidence interval for the mean score for all students.
- A) $75.39 < \mu < 85.84$ B) $85.84 < \mu < 75.39$
 C) $75.49 < \mu < 85.74$ D) $85.74 < \mu < 75.49$
- 25) The amounts (in ounces) of juice in eight randomly selected juice bottles are: 25) _____
 15.2 15.5 15.9 15.5
 15.0 15.7 15.0 15.7
 Construct a 98% confidence interval for the mean amount of juice in all such bottles.
- A) $15.00 \text{ oz} < \mu < 15.87 \text{ oz}$ B) $15.77 \text{ oz} < \mu < 15.10 \text{ oz}$
 C) $15.87 \text{ oz} < \mu < 15.00 \text{ oz}$ D) $15.10 \text{ oz} < \mu < 15.77 \text{ oz}$
- 26) The football coach randomly selected ten players and timed how long each player took to perform a certain drill. The times (in minutes) were: 26) _____
 7.2 10.5 9.9 8.2 11.0
 7.3 6.7 11.0 10.8 12.4
 Determine a 95% confidence interval for the mean time for all players.
- A) $10.85 \text{ min} < \mu < 8.15 \text{ min}$ B) $8.05 \text{ min} < \mu < 10.95 \text{ min}$
 C) $8.15 \text{ min} < \mu < 10.85 \text{ min}$ D) $10.95 \text{ min} < \mu < 8.05 \text{ min}$

Answer Key

Testname: STA2023_PRACTICE7

- 1) We are 95% sure that the interval contains the true population value for mean weekly salaries of shift managers at Guiseppe's Pizza and Pasta.
- 2) The sample proportion \hat{p} .
 - 1) \hat{p} is unbiased (does not consistently overestimate or underestimate p).
 - 2) \hat{p} is most consistent (has the least variation of all the measures of central tendency).
- 3) If 51% is used as an estimate of the percentage of all married men who would marry the same woman again, we would be 95% confident that the maximum likely difference between 51% and the true population percentage is 3 percentage points. So the true percentage is likely (with 95% confidence) to lie between 48% and 54%.
- 4) B
- 5) D
- 6) C
- 7) B
- 8) A
- 9) A
- 10) B
- 11) A
- 12) D
- 13) C
- 14) A
- 15) C
- 16) D
- 17) A
- 18) D
- 19) A
- 20) D
- 21) B
- 22) D
- 23) B
- 24) C
- 25) D
- 26) C